

SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

**SDS n° :** FP11268

# POLYCOR ISO BR

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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1. Product identifier

Product name Chemical Name Trade name Pure substance/mixture Unique Formula Identifier (UFI)	POLYCOR ISO BR Gel Coat unsaturated polyester for composites POLYCOR ISO BR;POLYCOR QCC ISO BR 0400;POLYCOR QCC ISO BR LV 0400;POLYCOR ISO BR LV;POLYCOR ISO BR LV2;POLYCOR ISO BR HV;POLYCOR ISO PTY;POLYCOR ISO BR FC;POLYCOR ISO BR IHB;POLYCOR ISO BR AD;POLYCOR TOPCOAT ISO BR;POLYCOR TOPCOAT QCC ISO BR LV 0400;POLYCOR ISO BR FC AD;POLYCOR TOPCOAT ISO BR FC;POLYCOR TOPCOAT ISO BR LV;POLYCOR ISO BR LV AD;POLYCOR ISO BR LV FC;POLYCOR TOPCOAT ISO BR HV;POLYCOR ISO BR LV IHB;POLYCOR TOPCOAT ISO BR LV IHB;POLYCOR TOPCOAT ISO BR IHB;POLYCOR TOPCOAT ISO BR LV FC;POLYCOR TOPCOAT ISO BR ILV2;POLYCOR ISO BR LV3;POLYCOR TOPCOAT BR LV2;POLYCOR TOPCOAT BR LV3;POLYCOR TOPCOAT ISO BR AD Mixture 9MD1-F0A5-F00C-307U
1.2. Relevant identified use	es of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Identified uses	To form a protective and decorative layer for GRP composites. Contact us before using for food contact application.
1.3. Details of the supplier	of the safety data sheet
Supplier	Polynt Composites France S.A. Route d'Arras CS 50019 62320 Drocourt, France Tel : (+33) 3 21 74 84 00 - Fax : (+33) 3 21 49 55 84
	Polynt S.p.A. Via Enrico Fermi, 51 24020 Scanzorosciate (BG), Italy Tel : (+39) 035 652 111 - Fax : (+39) 035 652 421
	Polynt Composites Spain, S.L.U. Avenida República Argentina S/N 09200 Miranda de Ebro - Burgos, Spain Tel : (+34) 947 027 202 - Fax : (+34) 947 31 45 40
	Polynt Composites Poland Sp. z o.o. ul. Grabska 11d, 32-005 Niepołomice, Poland Tel : (+48) 12 281 42 00 - Fax : (+48) 12 281 42 01
	Polynt Composites Norway AS Lilleborggata 4, 1630 Gamle Fredrikstad, Norway Tel : (+47) 693 570 00 - Fax : (+47) 693 570 01
	Polynt Composites Stallingborough UK Ltd. Laporte Road, Stallingborough - Near Grimsby North East Lincolnshire DN41 8DR, United Kingdom Tel : (+44) 1469 552 570 - Fax : (+44) 1469 552 597

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The supplier of the product is, among those indicated above, the one identified on the label and / or in the sales documents

 For further information, please contact

 E-mail address
 sdsregulatory@polynt.com

 Internet Address
 http://www.polynt.com

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

This telephone number is available 24 hours per day, 7 days per week.				
Europe :	+44 1235 239 670			
Middle East/Africa :	+44 1235 239 671			
East/South East Asia :	+65 3158 1412			
America :	+1 215 207 0061			

Poison Information Centre Euro telephone number UK :

European emergency phone number : 112 UK : National Poisons Emergency Number : 0344 892 0111 Ireland : National Poisons Information Centre (NPIC)Telephone Healthcare Professionals : +353 (01) 809 2566. (24 hour service)Telephone Members of Public : +353 (01) 809 2166. (8.00 a.m. to 10.00 p.m. 7 days a week)

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification of the substance or mixture - GHS/CLP (n° 1272/2008)

Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Category 2 - (H315)
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 2 - (H319)
Skin Sensitization	Category 1 - (H317)
Reproductive Toxicity	Category 2 - (H361d)
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure)	Category 3 - (H335)
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Category 1 - (H372)
Chronic Aquatic Toxicity	Category 3 - (H412)
Flammable liquids	Category 3 - (H226)

### 2.2. Label elements

#### Contains cobalt octoate, Styrene



Signal word

Hazard statements

Danger

H315 - Causes skin irritation

- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation
- H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child
- H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled
- H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects
- H226 Flammable liquid and vapour

Polynt Composites

Physical hazards

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Precautionary statementsP210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition<br/>sources. No smoking<br/>P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges<br/>P260 - Do not breathe vapour<br/>P273 - Avoid release to the environment<br/>P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection<br/>P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water<br/>P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for<br/>breathing<br/>P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.<br/>Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing<br/>P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

2.3. Other hazards

PBT/vPvB see section 12.5.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.2. Mixtures

### Hazardous components

Chemical Name	EC-No	REACH Registration	CAS-No	Weight percent	GHS Classification		M-Factor (chronic	Concentrati on limit (%)
		Number		P		(,	)	
Styrene	202-851-5	01-2119457861-32	100-42-5	33 - 38	Flam. Liq. 3 (H226) Repr. 2 (H361d) Acute Tox. 4 (H332) Skin Irrit. 2 (H315) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319)			
					Asp. Tox. 1 (H304) STOT SE 3 (H335) STOT RE 1 (H372) Aquatic Chronic 3 (H412)			
Titanium dioxide	236-675-5	01-2119489379-17	13463-67-7	3 - 7	-			
Talc	238-877-9	01-2120140278-58	14807-96-6	1 - 5	-			
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free	231-545-4	01-2119379499-16	112945-52-5	0.1 - < 3	-			
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	919-446-0	01-2119458049-33	64742-82-1	0.1 - < 0.5	Flam. Liq. 3 (H226) Asp. Tox. 1 (H304) STOT SE 3 (H336) STOT RE 1 (H372) Aquatic Chronic 2 (H411) (EUH066)		0	
(2-methoxymethyletho xy)propanol	252-104-2	01-2119450011-60	34590-94-8	0.1 - < 1	-			
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes	232-315-6	01-2119488076-30	8002-74-2	0.1 - < 1	-			
cobalt octoate	205-250-6	01-2119524678-29	136-52-7	0.1 - < 0.3	Skin Sens. 1A (H317) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) Repr. 1B (H360Fd) Aquatic Acute 1 (H400) Aquatic Chronic 3 (H412)	1		

Additional information

Acute Toxicity Estimate See Section 11 for more information

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16

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## SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures					
General advice	Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray				
Eye Contact	Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water, also under the eyelids. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. If symptoms persist, call a physician				
Skin contact	Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water removing all contaminated clothes and shoes If skin irritation persists, call a physician				
Inhalation	Move to fresh air If not breathing, give artificial respiration Consult a physician				
Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting Rinse mouth. Consult a physician				
Protection of first-aiders	Use personal protective equipment See section 8 for more information				
4.2. Most important symptom	oms and effects, both acute and delayed				
Eye Contact	Irritating to eyes				
Skin contact	Irritating to skin May cause sensitisation by skin contact				
Inhalation	Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation Irritating to respiratory system				
Ingestion	Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea.				
4.3. Indication of any imme	ediate medical attention and special treatment needed				
Notes to physician	No information available				
SECTION 5: Firefighting m	easures				
5.1. Extinguishing media					
Suitable extinguishing media	Dry chemical, Foam, Carbon dioxide (CO 2), (closed systems)				
Extinguishing Media Which Must not be Used for Safety Reasons	Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.				
5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture					

Special exposure hazards arising<br/>from the substance or preparation<br/>itself, combustion products,<br/>resulting gasesVapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Most vapours are heavier than air. They<br/>will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks)<br/>Heating or fire can release toxic gas : Carbon monoxide

# 5.3. Advice for firefighters

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Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit.				
Other information	Cool containers / tanks with water spray. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.				
SECTION 6: Accidental rel	lease measures				
6.1. Personal precautions,	protective equipment and emergency procedures				
For non-emergency personnel Personal precautions	Remove all sources of ignition Heat, flames and sparks. Take precautionary measures against static charges. Ensure adequate ventilation Use personal protective equipment				
For emergency responders	Avoid breathing vapours or mists In the event of fire and/or explosio fumes. Use personal protective equipment	n do not breathe			
6.2. Environmental precau	tions				
Environmental precautions	The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system	the soil.			
6.3. Methods and material	for containment and cleaning up				
Methods for cleaning up	Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent n earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for di local / national regulations (see section 13) Use clean non-sparking tools to collect absorbed material				
6.4. Reference to other se	ctions				
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0.4. Reference to other se	See section 8 for more information See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information				
	See section 8 for more information See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information				
SECTION 7: Handling and 7.1. Precautions for safe h	See section 8 for more information See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information storage				
SECTION 7: Handling and 7.1. Precautions for safe h	See section 8 for more information See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information storage	nt			
SECTION 7: Handling and	See section 8 for more information See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information storage handling Avoid static electricity build up with connection to earth Use only in area provided with appropriate exhaust ventilation In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment				

# 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures/Storage conditions	Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep at temperature not exceeding 30°C Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.
Materials to avoid	Strong oxidizing agents, Catalyst, Peroxides, Reducing agents

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Packageing material

metallic GRP Tanks (Reinforced Glass Polyester)

Unsuitable materials for containers copper, Copper alloys, Bronze, Zinc

# 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s)

No information available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

# Occupational Exposure limits

Chemical Name	European Union	ACGIH OEL (Ceiling)	The United Kingdom	Ireland
Styrene 100-42-5		ACGIH (2020): TLV-TWA: 10 ppm TLV-STEL/C: 20 ppm Notes: OTO, A3, BEI Critical effects: CNS and hearing impairment, URT irr, peripheral neuropathy visual disorders	STEL 250 ppm STEL 1080 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA 100 ppm TWA 430 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA 20 ppm TWA 85 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL 40 ppm STEL 170 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7		TWA 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	STEL 30 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL 12 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA 4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA 4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Talc 14807-96-6		TWA 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	STEL 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA 0.8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)pr opanol 34590-94-8	TWA 50 ppm TWA 308 mg/m <sup>3</sup> S*	TWA 100 ppm	STEL 150 ppm STEL 924 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA 50 ppm TWA 308 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Skin	TWA 50 ppm TWA 308 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Skin
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes 8002-74-2		TWA 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	STEL 6 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL 6 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
cobalt octoate 136-52-7		0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	STEL 0.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Sen+	TWA 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Sensitizer

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

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### <u>Biological standards</u> Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)

	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)					
Styrene (100-42-5)						
Туре	DNEL oral	DNEL dermal	DNEL inhalation	Remark		
Workers - Long Term - Systemic effect		406 mg/Kg bw/day	85 mg/m³			
Workers - Acute Short Term - Local effect			306 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			
Workers - Acute Short term - Systemic effect			289 mg/m³			
General Population - Acute Short Term - Local effect			182.7 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			
General Population - Acute Short Term - Systemic effect			174.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			
General Population - Long Term - Systemic effect	2.1 mg/Kg bw/day	343 mg/Kg bw/day	10.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			

Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)					
Туре	DNEL oral	DNEL dermal	DNEL inhalation	Remark	
Workers - Long Term - Local effect			10 mg/m³		

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Conoral Population Long	700 mg/kg bw/dav		
General Population - Long	700 mg/kg bw/day		
Term - Systemic effect			
Term - Systemic effect			

		Talc (14807-96-6)		
Туре	DNEL oral	DNEL dermal	DNEL inhalation	Remark
Workers - Acute Short term - Systemic effect			2.16 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Workers - Acute Short Term - Local effect			3.6 mg/m³	
Workers - Long Term - Systemic effect		43.2 mg/kg bw/day	2.16 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Workers - Long Term - Local effect		4.54 mg/cm <sup>2</sup>	3.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
General Population - Acute Short Term - Systemic effect			1.08 mg/m³	
General Population - Acute Short Term - Local effect			1.8 mg/m³	
General Population - Long Term - Systemic effect	160 mg/kg bw/day	21.6 mg/kg bw/day	1.08 mg/m³	
General Population - Long Term - Local effect		2.27 mg/cm <sup>2</sup>	1.8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	

Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free (112945-52-5)				
Туре	DNEL oral	DNEL dermal	DNEL inhalation	Remark
Workers - Long Term - Systemic effect			4 mg/m³	

Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) (64742-82-1)				
Туре	DNEL oral	DNEL dermal	DNEL inhalation	Remark
Workers - Long Term - Systemic effect		21 mg/kg bw/day	330 mg/m³	
General Population - Long Term - Systemic effect	21 mg/kg bw/day	12 mg/kg bw/day	71 mg/m³	

(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol (34590-94-8)				
Туре	DNEL oral	DNEL dermal	DNEL inhalation	Remark
Workers - Long Term - Systemic effect		283 mg/kg bw/day	308 mg/m³	
General Population - Long Term - Systemic effect	36 mg/kg bw/day	121 mg/kg bw/day	37.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	

	cob	alt octoate (136-52-7)		
Туре	DNEL oral	DNEL dermal	DNEL inhalation	Remark
Workers - Long Term - Local effect			235.1 µg/m³	
General Population - Long Term - Systemic effect	175 µg/kg bw/day			
General Population - Long Term - Local effect			37 µg/m³	

# Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

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	PNEC Component	
	Styrene (100-42-5)	
Exposure	Туре	PNEC
Fresh water	PNEC Aqua	0.028 mg/L
Marine water	PNEC Aqua	0.014 mg/L
Intermittent use/release	PNEC Aqua	0.04 mg/L

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Fresh water	PNEC Sediment	0.614 mg/Kg.dw
Marine water	PNEC Sediment	0.307 mg/Kg.dw
Terrestrial Compartment	PNEC Soil	0.2 mg/Kg.dw
STP microorganisms	PNEC STP	5 mg/L

Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)		
Exposure	Туре	PNEC
Fresh water	PNEC Aqua	0.184 mg/L
Marine water	PNEC Aqua	0.0184 mg/L
Intermittent use/release	PNEC Aqua	0.193 mg/L
	PNEC STP	100 mg/L
Fresh water	PNEC Sediment	1000 mg/kg sediment dw
Marine water	PNEC Sediment	100 mg/kg sediment dw
	PNEC Soil	100 ma/ka soil dw

	Talc (14807-96-6)	
Exposure	Туре	PNEC
Marine water	PNEC Aqua	141.26 mg/L
Fresh water	PNEC Aqua	597.97 mg/L
Marine water	PNEC Sediment	3.13 mg/kg sediment dw
Fresh water	PNEC Sediment	31.33 mg/kg sediment dw

Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free (112945-52-5)		
Exposure	Туре	PNEC
Secondary Poisoning	PNEC Oral	60000 mg/kg

(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol (34590-94-8)		
Exposure	Туре	PNEC
Marine water	PNEC Aqua	1.9 mg/L
Fresh water	PNEC Aqua	19 mg/L
Intermittent use/release	PNEC Aqua	190 mg/L
	PNEC STP	4168 mg/L
Fresh water	PNEC Sediment	70.2 mg/kg sediment dw
Marine water	PNEC Sediment	7.02 mg/kg sediment dw
	PNEC Soil	2.74 mg/kg soil dw

cobalt octoate (136-52-7)		
Exposure	Туре	PNEC
Fresh water	PNEC Aqua	0.62 µg/L
Marine water	PNEC Aqua	2.36 µg/L
STP microorganisms	PNEC STP	0.37 mg/L
Fresh water	PNEC Sediment	53.8 mg/kg sediment dw
Marine water	PNEC Sediment	69.8 mg/kg sediment dw
Terrestrial Compartment	PNEC Soil	10.9 mg/kg soil dw

# 8.2. Exposure controls

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Occupational exposure controls Engineering measures	Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits. When working in confined spaces (tanks, containers, etc.), ensure that there is a supply of air suitable for breathing and wear the recommended equipment
Personal protective equipment	

General Information	Use personal protective equipment.
Respiratory protection	Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour)
	If exposure limits are likely to be exceeded / In case of insufficient ventilation wear
	suitable respiratory equipment :
	Breathing apparatus with filter Type A (Organic gases and vapours filter conforming to
	EN 14387 , APF 40 < 1 hour, APF 200 > 1 hour) / Type A(2)/P3 in combination with
	Particulates filter conforming to EN 143, if exposed to dust

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Eye protection Skin and body protection Hand protection	Safety glasses with side-shields. Do not wear contact lenses. Antistatic boots. Protective shoes or boots. Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing. Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN 374) in combination with 'basic' employee training Glove material : Neoprene, Nitriles, Viton (R) or Polyvinyl alcohol Gloves should be discarded and replaced if there is any indication of degradation or
	chemical breakthrough.

Environmental exposure controls Environmental exposure controls Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system.

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

# 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<u>Property</u>	Values	<u>Remark</u>
Physical state	Liquid	
Colour	Variable (This Data Sheet includes all the colours)	
Appearance		No data available
Particle size		No data available
Odour	Styrene	
Odour Threshold	0.15 ppm	Values related to styrene
рН		No data available
pH (as aqueous solution)		No data available
Melting point/range	- 30 °C	Values related to styrene
Freezing Point		No data available
Softening point		No data available
Boiling point	145 °C	Values related to styrene
Flash point	31 °C	Values related to styrene
Flammability Limit in Air	C 4 C 00/	
Upper Lower	6,1 - 6,8% 0,9 -1,1%	Values related to styrene
Lower Vapour pressure	6.52 mbar	Values related to styrene 20°C
Vapour pressure Vapour density	3.6	Values related to styrene
Density	1.1 - 1.4 g/cm3	20°C
Specific Gravity	1.1 1.1 g, 6116	No data available
Bulk density		No data available
Water solubility	Insoluble in water	
Solubility in other solvents	Soluble in most organic solvents	
Partition coefficient:	3	Values related to styrene
n-octanol/water		-
Autoignition temperature	490 °C	Values related to styrene
Decomposition temperature		No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	15455 - 27273 mm2/s	20°C
Viscosity, dynamic	17000 - 30000 mPa.s	20°C

# 9.2. Other information

Information with regards to physical hazard classes

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Property	Values	<u>Remark</u>
Explosive s		No data available
Flammable gases Aerosols Oxidising gases Gases under pressure Flammable liquids		No data available No data available No data available No data available No data available

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Flammable solids		No data available
Pyrophoric liquids		No data available
Pyrophoric solids		No data available
Self-heating substances and		No data available
mixtures		
Substances and mixtures which, i	n contact with water, emit flammable	No data available
gases	·	
Oxidising liquids		No data available
Oxidising solids		No data available
Oxidising Properties		No data available
Organic peroxides		No data available
Corrosive to metals		No data available
Desensitised explosives		No data available
Other safety characteristics		
Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact		No data available
SAPT (self-accelerating		No data available
polymerisation temperature)		
Formation of explosible dust/air		No data available
mixtures		No. determination
Acid/alkaline reserve		No data available
Miscible		No data available
Conductivity		No data available
Corrosiveness		No data available
Gas group		No data available No data available
Redox potential		
Photocatalytic properties		No data available
SECTION 10: Stability and	reactivity	
10.1. Reactivity		
Reactivity	Product may ignite and burn at temperatu	res exceeding the flash point
10.2. Chemical stability		
	Stable under recommended stores and	itiono
Stability	Stable under recommended storage cond	nions.
10.3. Possibility of hazardo	ous reactions	
Hazardous reactions	In use, may form flammable/explosive vap	oour-air mixture.
Hazardous polymerisation	Polymerisation can occur.	
10.4. Conditions to avoid		
Conditions to avoid	Heat, flames and sparks.	
	Exposure to light.	
	Take precautionary measures against sta	tic charges.
10.5. Incompatible materia		
Materials to avoid	Strong oxidizing agents, Catalyst, Peroxid	los. Poducina agonto
	Strong oxidizing agents, Catalyst, Peroxid	les, reducing agents
10.6. Hazardous decompos		
Hazardous decomposition		roduces potentially toxic gases such as carbon
products	monoxide and carbon dioxide	
SECTION 11: Toxicologica	Linformation	
11.1 Information on hazar	d classes as defined in Regulati	on (EC) No 1272/2008
Acute toxicity	a classes as defined in Regulati	011 (EO) NO 1272/2000

Inhalation Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation Irritating to respiratory system

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# Ingestion

Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea.

Chemical Name	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation	Read-across (Analogy)
Styrene 100-42-5	5000 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg bw (Rat) 24h OECD 402	11.8 mg/L (Rat) 4h CSR	
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	> 5000 mg/kg bw (Rat) OECD 425, EPA OPPTS 870.1100		> 6,82 mg/L air (Rat) 4h No guideline followed	
Talc 14807-96-6	> 5000 mg/kg bw (Rat) OECD 423	> 2000 mg/kg bw (Rat) OECD 402		
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free 112945-52-5	> 5000 mg/kg bw (Rat) OECD 401	> 5000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	> 0.14 mg/L air (Rat) 4h (analytical) OECD 403	
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) 64742-82-1	> 15000 mg/kg bw (Rat) Similar to OECD 401		> 13.1 mg/L air (Rat) 4h Similar to OECD 403	
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)pr opanol 34590-94-8	> 5000 mg/kg bw (Rat) Similar to OECD 401	9510 mg/kg bw(Rabbit) 24h Similar to OECD 402	LC0 (7h) > 275 ppm (1667 mg/m³) (Rat) Similar to OECD 403	
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes 8002-74-2	> 5000 mg/kg bw (Rat) OECD 420	> 2000 mg/kg bw (Rat) OECD 402		
cobalt octoate 136-52-7	3129 mg/kg/bw (Rat) OECD 425	> 2000 mg/kg bw (Rat) OECD 402		

### Skin corrosion/irritation

Chemical Name	Skin corrosion/irritation	Read-across (Analogy)
Styrene	Irritating to skin	
100-42-5	in vivo assay	
	rabbit	
Titanium dioxide	No skin irritation	
13463-67-7	in vivo assay	
	rabbit	
	OECD 404	
	EPA OPPTS 870.2500	
Talc	No skin irritation	
14807-96-6	in vivo assay	
	in vitro study	
	rabbit	
	OECD 404	
	EU Method B.46	
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free	No skin irritation	
112945-52-5	rabbit	
	OECD 404	
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes,	No skin irritation	
isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	in vivo assay	
64742-82-1	rabbit	
	OECD 404	
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol	No skin irritation	
34590-94-8	in vivo assay	
	rabbit	
	similar to	
	OECD 404	
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes	No skin irritation	
8002-74-2	in vivo assay	
	rabbit	
	OECD 404	
cobalt octoate	No skin corrosion	
136-52-7	in vitro study	
	OECD 431	
	EU Method B. 40	

Chemical Name	Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Read-across (Analogy)

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Styrene	Irritating to eyes	
100-42-5	in vivo assay	
	rabbit	
Titanium dioxide	No eye irritation	
13463-67-7	in vivo assay	
	rabbit	
	OECD 405	
	EU Method B.5	
	EPA OPPTS 870.2400	
Talc	No eye irritation	
14807-96-6	in vivo assay	
	(rabbit)	
	OECD 405	
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free	No eye irritation	
112945-52-5	rabbit	
	OECD 405	
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes,	No eye irritation	
isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	in vivo assay	
64742-82-1	(rabbit)	
	OECD 405	
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol	No eye irritation	
34590-94-8	in vivo assay	
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes	No eye irritation	
8002-74-2	in vivo assay	
	rabbit	
	OECD 405	
cobalt octoate	Moderate eye irritation	
136-52-7	OECD 437	
	EU Method B.47	
	Irritating to eyes	
	rabbit	
	OECD 405	

Chemical Name	Respiratory or skin sensitisation	Read-across (Analogy)
Styrene 100-42-5	Does not cause skin sensitization Does not cause respiratory sensitization CSR	
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	Does not cause skin sensitization in vivo assay guinea pig OECD 406 EU Method B.6 EPA OPP 81-6	
	mouse similar to OECD 429	
Talc 14807-96-6	Does not cause skin sensitization in vivo assay guinea pig OECD 406	
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free 112945-52-5	Does not cause skin sensitization Does not cause respiratory sensitization	
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) 64742-82-1	Does not cause skin sensitization in vivo assay guinea pig OECD 406	
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol 34590-94-8	Does not cause skin sensitization in vivo assay	
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes 8002-74-2	Does not cause skin sensitization in vivo assay guinea pig OECD 406 EU Method B.6	
cobalt octoate 136-52-7	May cause sensitisation by skin contact in vivo assay mouse OECD 429	

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# Mutagenic Effects

# in vitro study

Chemical Name	Ames test	Read-across (Analogy)
Styrene 100-42-5	Ambiguous In vitro gene mutation study in bacteria (S. typhimurium G46, TA1530, TA 1535, TA100, TA98, TA1538, TA 1537) OECD 471	
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	negative In vitro gene mutation study in bacteria (S. typhimurium TA 1535, TA 1537, TA 98, TA100 and TA 102) OECD 471	
Talc 14807-96-6	negative In vitro gene mutation study in bacteria Salmonella sp. similar to OECD 471 EU Method B.13/14	
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free 112945-52-5	negative In vitro gene mutation study in bacteria OECD 471	
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) 64742-82-1	negative In vitro gene mutation study in bacteria (S. typhimurium TA 1535, TA 1537, TA 98, TA 100, TA 1538) similar to OECD 471	
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol 34590-94-8	negative In vitro gene mutation study in bacteria (Escherichia coli WP2 uvrA) similar to OECD 471	
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes 8002-74-2	negative In vitro gene mutation study in bacteria (S. typhimurium TA 1535, TA 1537, TA 98 and TA 100) (Escherichia coli WP2 uvrA) OECD 471	
cobalt octoate 136-52-7	negative In vitro gene mutation study in bacteria (S. typhimurium TA 1535, TA 1537, TA 98, TA100 and TA 102) OECD 471	Cas Nº: 68956-82-1, 14024-48-7

Chemical Name	In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test	Read-across (Analogy)
Styrene 100-42-5	Ambiguous In vitro gene mutation study in mammalian cells hamster OECD 476	
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	negative In vitro gene mutation study in mammalian cells mouse OECD 476	
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free 112945-52-5	negative In vitro gene mutation study in mammalian cells OECD 476	
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol 34590-94-8	negative In vitro gene mutation study in mammalian cells rat similar to OECD 482	
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes 8002-74-2	negative In vitro gene mutation study in mammalian cells mouse OECD 476	

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cobalt octoate 136-52-7	negative In vitro gene mutation study in mammalian cells mouse OECD 476	Cas N°: 7440-48-4, 1308-06-1, 10124-43-3, 12016-80-7
Chemical Name	In vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test	Read-across (Analogy)
Styrene 100-42-5	positive Chromosome aberration test in vitro OECD 473 OECD 479	
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	negative Chromosome aberration test in vitro hamster OECD 473	
Talc 14807-96-6	negative Chromosome aberration test in vitro rat similar to OECD 473 EU Method B.10	
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free 112945-52-5	negative Chromosome aberration test in vitro OECD 473	
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) 64742-82-1	negative Chromosome aberration test in vitro similar to OECD 473	
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol 34590-94-8	negative Chromosome aberration test in vitro hamster similar to OECD 473	
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes 8002-74-2	negative Chromosome aberration test in vitro hamster similar to OECD 473	

### in vivo assay

Chemical Name	Unscheduled DNA Synthesis (UDS)	Read-across (Analogy)
Styrene 100-42-5	negative mouse OECD 486 OECD 474	
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	negative rat OECD 474	
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free 112945-52-5	negative rat	
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) 64742-82-1	negative mouse similar to OECD 474 OECD 475	
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes 8002-74-2	negative mouse similar to OECD 474	
cobalt octoate 136-52-7	negative rat OECD 474 OECD 475	Cas N°: 68956-82-1, 14024-48-7, 10026-24-1
Carcinogenicity		
Carcinogenicity		
Styrene (100-42-5)		
Routes of Exposure Method	Species Dos	e Evaluation

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Inhalation	OECD 453	rat	NOAEC systemic (carcinogenicity) >= 4.34 mg/L air (nominal)	negative
Inhalation	OECD 453	mouse	LOAEC (carcinogenicity) female/male = 0.09 - 0.18 mg/L air resp., NOAEC (carcinogenicity) male = 0.09 mg/L air	positive
Oral	No information available	rat	NOAEL (carcinogenicity) >= 2000 mg/kg bw /day	positive
Oral	No information available	mouse	LOAEL (carcinogenicity) = 150 mg/kg bw /day	positive

Talc (14807-96-6)				
Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
Oral	OECD 453	rat	NOAEL (101d) = 100 mg/kg bw/day	negative
Inhalation	OECD 453	mouse	NOAEC (104 weeks) = 6-18 mg/m³ air	negative
Inhalation	OECD 453	rat	NOAEC = 6-18 mg/m <sup>3</sup> air	negative

Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free (112945-52-5)				
Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
Oral	OECD 453			negative
			mg/kg bw/day	

Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) (64742-82-1)					
Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation	
Inhalation	similar to OECD 453		NOAEC (female) >= 2 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> air NOAEC (male) = 138 mg/m <sup>3</sup> air	negative	

Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes (8002-74-2)				
Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
Dermal			NOEL (carcinogenicity) = 128 mg/kg bw/day	negative

# Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity					
Styrene (100-42-5)					
Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation	
Inhalation	No information available	rat	NOAEL/LOAEL (fertility) 60d = 100 - 200 mg/kg bw/day	positive	
Oral	OECD 422	rat	NOAEL/LOAEL (fertility) 60d = 200 - 400 mg/kg bw/day	positive	
Inhalation	OECD 416	rat	NOAEC (P, F1) = $0.64$ mg/L air LOAEC (P, F1) = $2.13$ mg/L air NOAEC (F2) = $0.21$ mg/L air LOAEC (F2) = $0.64$ mg/L air (70d)	negative	

Talc (14807-96-6)					
Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation	
Oral	similar to OECD 416	rabbit	NOAEL (reproduction & F1) > 900 mg/kg bw/day	negative	
Silica amorphous fumed crystalline free (112945-52-5)					

Sinca, anorphous, runed, crystainne-nee (172943-52-5)					
Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation	

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Oral	OECD 415	rat	NOAEL = 497 mg/kg bw/day	negative
Hydrocarbons C0-C12 n	alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, a	omatics (2-25%)	(64742-02-1)	
Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
Inhalation	similar to OECD 421	rat	NOAEC (F1) = 1720 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	negative
Deneffin menes and thirde				
Paraffin waxes and Hydro Routes of Exposure	· · · · ·	Chaoica	Deee	Evolution
· · · · ·	Method OECD 421	Species		
Oral	UECD 421	rat	NOAEL (p/ reproductive performance) >= 1000 mg/kg bw/day NOAEL Neonatal (F1) >= 1000 mg/kg bw/day Read across with : Chevron 100 Neutral	negative
cobalt octoate (136-52-7)				
Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
Oral	Read-across (Analogy) Cas Nº: 7440-48-4 OECD 422	rat	NO(A)EL (P&F1) 28d = 30 mg/kg bw/day	
Developmental Toxicity	Suspected of da	imaging the unb	oorn child.	
Styrene (100-42-5)				
Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
Inhalation	No information available	rat	NOAEC/LOAEC (maternal toxicity + developemental toxicity) >50d = 1.08 - 2.15 mg/L air	positive
Inhalation	OECD 414	rat	LOAEC (maternal toxicity) 6-15d = 1.28 mg/L air	positive
Inhalation	OECD 414	rat	NOAEC (developmental toxicity) 6-15d >= 2.56 mg/L air	negative
Inhalation	OECD 414	rabbit	NOAEC (maternal toxicity + developmental toxicity) 6-18d = 2.56 mg/L air	negative
T'				
Titanium dioxide (13463-6	<i>'</i>			
Routes of Exposure	Method	Species		Evaluation
Oral	OECD 414	rat	NOAEL (maternal & developmental toxicity) 20d = 1000 mg/kg bw/day	negative
	, crystalline-free (112945-52-5)	L		
Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
Oral	OECD 414	rat	NOAEL (maternal toxicity) = 1350 mg/kg bw/day NOAEL (teratogenicity) = 1350 mg/kg bw/day	negative
<b></b>			<i>/////////////////////////////////////</i>	
	alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, a			<b>I-</b>
Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
Inhalation	similar to OECD 414	rat	NOAEL (maternal toxicity) >= 5220 mg/m <sup>3</sup> air NOAEC (developmental Toxicity) >= 5220 mg/m <sup>3</sup> air	negative
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)				
Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation

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Inhalation	EPA OTS 798.4350	rat	NOAEL (maternal tox/teretogenicity) 6-15d = 300 ppm	negative
Paraffin waxes and Hydro	ocarbon waxes (8002-74-2)			
Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
Dermal	OECD 414	rat	LOAEL (maternal toxicity) = 125 mg/kg bw/day NOAEL (teratogenicity) >= 2000 mg/kg bw/day Read across with : 100 SUS solvent refined base oil	negative

# Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

May cause irritation of respiratory tract

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure , target organ(s) : Central nervous system , Ears

STOT - repeated exposu	е			
Styrene (100-42-5)				
Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Remarks
Inhalation	OECD 412	rat mouse	NOAEC male (28d) = 3.47 mg/L air NOAEC (ototoxicity) 28d = 2.13 mg/L air NOAEC (28d) = 0.181 mg/L air NOAEC (28d) = 0.688 mg/L air	
Inhalation	No information available	rat	NOAEC (nasal tract) = 0.85 mg/L air NOAEC (overall) = 2.13 mg/L air NOAEC (ototoxicity) = 0.85 mg/L air LOAEC (ototoxicity) = 3.41 mg/L air NOAEC (overall) = 2.13 mg/L air	
Oral	No information available	rat	NOAEL (toxicity) = 1000 mg/kg bw/day LOAEL (toxicity) = 2000 mg/kg bw/day	
Oral	No information available	mouse	NOAEL (toxicity) = 150 mg/kg bw /day LOAEL (toxicity) = 300 mg/kg bw /day	
Inhalation	OECD 453	rat	LOAEC local (toxicity) = 0.21 mg/L air	

Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)					
Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Remarks	
Oral	OECD 407	rat	NOEL (29d) = 24000 mg/kg bw/day		
Oral	OECD 408	rat	NOAEL (92-93d) > 100 mg/kg/day	0	

Talc (14807-96-6)					
Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Remarks	
Inhalation	similar to OECD 412	rat	NOAEC (20d) = 2-6-18 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
Oral	similar to OECD 452	rat	NOAEL (101d) = 100 mg/kg bw/day		
Inhalation	similar to OECD 452	rat	NOAEC = 10.8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> air		

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Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free (112945-52-5)						
Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Remarks		
Oral	OECD 408	rat	NOEL (highest dose) 4000 <= 4500 mg/kg bw/day 90d			
Inhalation	OECD 413	rat	NOEC = 1.3 mg/m³ air NOEC < 1.3 mg/m³ air 90d			
Dermal	No information available	rabbit	NOAEL >= 10000 mg/kg bw/day			

Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Remarks
Oral	similar to OECD 408	rat	NOAEL (female) 30d = 1056 mg/kg bw LOAEL (male) 30d = 116 mg/kg bw	
Inhalation	similar to OECD 413	rat	NOAEC (female) = 3950 mg/m <sup>3</sup> LOAEC (male) = 1975 mg/m <sup>3</sup> LOAEC (female) = 7400 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Dermal	similar to OECD 411	rat	NOAEL (systemic) >= 495 mg/kg bw/day	

(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol (34590-94-8)					
Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Remarks	
Oral	KANPOGYO No.700, YAKUHATSU No. 1039.61 and KIKYKU No. 1014	rat	NOEL/NOAEL (4 weeks) = 200/1000 mg/kg		
Inhalation	similar to OECD 413	rat	NOAEL (13 weeks) = 200 ppm		
Dermal	similar to OECD 411	rabbit	NOAEL (90d) = 2850 mg/kg bw/day		

Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes (8002-74-2)					
Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Remarks	
Dermal	Read-across (Analogy) Cas N°: 64742-52-5 OECD 410	rabbit	NOAEL (28d) = 1000 mg/kg bw/day		
Oral	OECD 408	rat	NOAEL (Low melting poin wax) = 1.5 mg/kg bw/day NOAEL (High melting point and high sulphur wax) = 1500 mg/kg bw/day 90d	t	
Dermal	Read-across (Analogy) : Lubricant Base Oils OECD 411	rat	NOAEL (13 weeks)> 2000 mg/kg bw/day		
Dermal	Read-across (Analogy) : MRD-87-016 similar to OECD 453	mouse	NOAEL (male) 24 months >= 150 mg/kg bw/day		

cobalt octoate (136-52-7)					
Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Remarks	
	Read-across (Analogy) cobalt dichloride hexahydrate OECD 408		NOAEL (90d) = 3 mg/kg bw/day		

# Aspiration hazard

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Due to the viscosity, this product does not present an aspiration hazard.

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#### 11.2 Information on other hazards Endocrine disrupting properties No information available Other information None

# SECTION 12: Ecological information

or sanitary sewer system

### Acute aquatic toxicity - Component Information

Chemical Name	Toxicity to algae	Toxicity to daphnia and	Toxicity to fish	Toxicity to
		other aquatic invertebrates.		microorganisms
Styrene 100-42-5	EC50 (72h) = 4.9 mg/L (Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata) EPA OTS 797.1050	EC50 (48h) = 4.7 mg/L (Daphnia magna) NOEC = 1.9 mg/L (Daphnia magna) OECD 202	LC50 (96h) = 4.02 - 10 mg/L (Pimephales promelas) OECD 203	EC (30min) = 500 mg/L (Activated sludge of a predominantly domestic sewage) OECD 209
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	EC50 (72h) > 100 mg/L (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) NOEC (72h) >= 100 mg/L (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) OECD 201	EC50 (48h) > 100 mg/L (Daphnia magna) OECD 202	LC50 (96h) > 100 mg/L (Carassius auratus) NOEC (96h) >= 100 mg/L (Carassius auratus) OECD 203	EC50 (3h) > 1000 mg/L, NOEC (3h) >= 1000 mg/L (Activated sludge of a predominantly domestic sewage) OECD 209
Talc 14807-96-6	EC50 (96h) = 7202.700 mg/L (Green Algae) NOEC (30d) = 918.089 mg/L (Green Algae) QSAR	LC50 (48h) = 36812.359 mg/L (Daphnid species) QSAR	LC50 (96h) = 89581.016 mg/L (Fishes species) QSAR	
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free 112945-52-5		EL50 (24h) >= 1000 mg/L (Daphnia magna) OECD 202	LC50 (96h) > 10000 mg/L (Brachydanio rerio) OECD 203	
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) 64742-82-1	EL50 (72h) = 4.1 mg/L (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) NOELR (72h) = 0.76 mg/L (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) OECD 201	EL50 (48h) = 10 - 22 mg/L (Daphnia magna) OECD 202	LL50 (96h) = 10 - 30 mg/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss) OECD 203	
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)pr opanol 34590-94-8	EC50 (72h) > 969 mg/L (Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata) OECD 201	LC50 (48h) = 1919 mg/L (Daphnia magna) Similar to OECD 202	LC50 (96h) > 1000 mg/L (Poecilia reticulata) OECD 203	EC10 (18h) = 4168 mg/L (Pseudomonas putida) No guideline followed
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes 8002-74-2	NOEL (72h) >= 100 mg/L (Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata), Read across with : N100DW OECD 201	LL50 (48h) > 1000 mg/L (Daphnia magna) QSAR	LL50 (96h) > 1000 mg/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss) QSAR	LL50 (40h) > 1000 mg/L (Tetrahymena pyriformis) NOEL (40h) >= 1000 mg/L (Tetrahymena pyriformis) QSAR
cobalt octoate 136-52-7	EC50 (72h) = 144 µg Codiss./L (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) NOEC (72h) = 32.2 µg./L (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) LOEC (72h) = 52.7 µg Codiss./L (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) OECD 201		LC50 (96h) = 1.512 mg/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss) NOEC (96h) = 0.939 mg/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss) LOEC (96h) = 1.577 mg/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss) ASTM guideline (1996)	EC10 (30 min) = 3.73 mg/L (Activated sludge) EC50 (30 min) = 120 mg/L (Activated sludge) Read across with Cas N°: 7646-79-9 OECD 209

Chronic aquatic toxicity - Component Information

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Chemical Name	Toxicity to algae	Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates.	Toxicity to fish	Toxicity to microorganisms
Styrene 100-42-5		NOEC (21d) = 1.01 mg/L (Daphnia magna) LOEC (21d) = 2.06 mg/L (Daphnia magna) EC50 (21d) = 1.88 mg/L (Daphnia magna) OECD 203		
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) 64742-82-1		EC50 (21d) = 0.328 mg/L (Daphnia magna) OECD 211		
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)pr opanol 34590-94-8		NOEC (22d) >= 0.5 mg/L (Daphnia magna) Similar to OECD 211		
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes 8002-74-2		NOEL (21d) >= 1000 mg/L (Daphnia magna) QSAR	NOEL (28d) >= 1000 mg/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss) QSAR	
cobalt octoate 136-52-7	EC50 (7d) = 90.1 μg/L (Lemna minor) NOEC (7d) = 3.0 μg/L (Lemna minor) LOEC (7d) = 8.8 μg/L (Lemna minor) OECD 221	NOECR (21d) = 60.8 µg./L (Daphnia magna) LC50 (21d) = 121.3 mg/L (Daphnia magna) LOECR (21d) = 93.3 µg Codiss./L (Daphnia magna) OECD 211		

Effects on terrestrial organisms - Component Information

Chronic toxicity Styrene (100-42-5)					
Toxicity to invertebrates	OECD 207	Eisenia foetida	LC50 (14d) = 120 mg/kg soil dw LOEC (burrowing time and mean percent weight change) = 65 mg/kg soil dw LOEC (survival) = 180 mg/kg soil dw NOEC (mean percent weight change) = 34 mg/kg soil dw		

(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol (34590-94-8)					
Chronic toxicity	Method	Species	Values	Remarks	
plants	OECD 227	Grossypium hirsutum	NOEC (21d) = 250 g/L		

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Chemical Name	Biodegradation	Evaluation
Styrene 100-42-5	87% (20d) similar to OECD 301D	Readily biodegradable
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) 64742-82-1	74.7% (28d) (Activated sludge, domestic, non-adapted) OECD 301 F	Readily biodegradable
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol 34590-94-8	96 % (28d) DOC removal, 75 % (10d) OECD 301F	Readily biodegradable
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes 8002-74-2	31 % (28d) OECD 301F Read across with : MRD-94-981	Inherently biodegradable.
cobalt octoate 136-52-7	60% (> 10d), OECD 301 B	Readily biodegradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

.

### Bioconcentration factor (BCF)

Polynt Composites

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Method	Species		Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Calculation method			74
Chemical Name		log Pow	
Styrene 100-42-5		3	
Talc 14807-96-6		-9.4	
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol 34590-94-8		0.0043	

12.4. Mobility in soil

Chemical Name	LogKoc	Кос
Styrene 100-42-5	2.55	352
Talc 14807-96-6	1.5027	31.82

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Chemical Name	PBT	vPvB
Styrene 100-42-5	This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT).	This substance is not considered to be very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB).
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT).	This substance is not considered to be very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB).
Talc 14807-96-6	This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT).	This substance is not considered to be very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB).
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free 112945-52-5	This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT).	This substance is not considered to be very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB).
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) 64742-82-1	This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT).	This substance is not considered to be very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB).
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol 34590-94-8	This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT).	This substance is not considered to be very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB).
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes 8002-74-2	This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT).	This substance is not considered to be very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Endocrine disrupting properties No information available

12.7 Other Adverse Effects

None known.

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# SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Waste from Residues/Unused Products	Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system
Contaminated packaging	Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
Other information	According to the European Waste Catalogue, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used.

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# 14.1. UN number or ID number

ADR/RID	UN1866
IMDG/IMO	UN1866
ICAO/IATA	UN1866
	UN1866
ADN	0111000

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID Resin solution UN1866, RESIN SOLUTION, 3, PG III, (D/E) IMDG/IMO Resin solution UN1866, RESIN SOLUTION, 3, PG III, (31°C c.c.) ICAO/IATA UN1866, RESIN SOLUTION, 3, PG III ADN Resin solution UN1866, RESIN SOLUTION, 3, PG III

### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID	
Hazard class	3
IMDG/IMO	
Hazard class	3
ICAO/IATA	
Hazard class	3
ADN	
Hazard class	3

### 14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID	Ш
IMDG/IMO	Ш
ICAO/IATA	III
ADN	Ш

# 14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR/RID	No
IMDG/IMO	No
Marine pollutant	No
ICAO/IATA	No
ADN	No

# 14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR/RID

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Classification Code	F1
Tunnel restriction code	(D/E)
Limited quantity	5 L
IMDG/IMO	

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EmS Limited quantity ICAO/IATA	F-E, S-E 5 L
ERG Code	3L
Limited quantity	10 L
Classification Code	F1
Limited quantity	5 L
ventilation	VE01

Special precautions for usersSpecial precautionsNo information available

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code not applicable

### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP) Regulation (EU) No. 2020/878 Directive 88/642/EEC Directive 98/24/EC Directive 1999/92/EC Directive 2012/18/EU

The mixture is subject to restrictions on use, see Annex XVII of the Regulation 1907/2006/EC (REACH): Column 1, n° 3; Column 1, n° 40.

European Union

Named dangerous substances per Seveso Directive (2012/18/EU)		
Chemical Name	Lower-tier requirements (tons)	Upper-tier requirements (tons)
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) - 64742-82-1	2500 tonne	25000 tonne

#### National regulatory information The United Kingdom

Avoid exceeding of the given occupational exposure limits (see section 8).

Ireland

Avoid exceeding of the given occupational exposure limits (see section 8).

Yes

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical Safety Assessment Exposure scenario

Relevant information for risk control are communicated in the form of exposure scenario attached to the safety data sheet.

SECTION 16: Other information

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Full text of H-Statements	referred to under sections 2 and 3
H226 - Flammable liquid and vapou	
H304 - May be fatal if swallowed an	
H315 - Causes skin irritation	
H317 - May cause an allergic skin re	eaction
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation	
H332 - Harmful if inhaled	
H335 - May cause respiratory irritati	
H336 - May cause drowsiness or dia	
	pected of damaging the unborn child
H361d - Suspected of damaging the	
	nrough prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled
H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life	
H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long	
H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with lo	
EUH066 - Repeated exposure may	cause skin dryness or cracking
Training Advice	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. To avoid risks to man and the environment, comply with the instructions for use.
Sources of key data used to compile the datasheet	ECHA
Former date	22-Sep-2022
Revision date	29-Dec-2022
Revision Note	New ANNEX II Regulation (EU) No. 2020/878
This safety data sheet complies w	vith the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

**Disclaimer** 

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. End of Safety Data Sheet



# Scenario 1: Manufacturing of UP/VE resins and formulated resins (Gelcoat, Coulour Paste, Putty, Bonding paste/Adhesive) (ES1)

This scenario is described by the following combinations of use descriptors. The corresponding contributing scenarios are described in the respective subchapters.

An overall exposure scenario may be described by a number of contributing scenarios which may be subdivided into environmental exposure, worker exposure and consumer exposure. The following scenarios contribute to the scenario *Manufacturing of UP/VE resins and formulated resins* (Gelcoat, Coulour Paste, Putty, Bonding paste/Adhesive).

This document has been prepared using REACH-Practical-Guide-on-Safe-Use-Information-for-Mixtures-under-REACH-The-LCID-Methodology, considering exposure scenario of relevant raw materials contained in the mixture.

The corresponding release to the environment, exposure of workers resulting from these contributing scenarios is summarized below.

Free short title	Manufacturing of UP/VE resins and formulated resins (Gelcoat, Coulour Paste, Putty, Bonding paste/Adhesive) (ES1)
Systematic title based on use descriptor	ERC 2; PROC 1, 3, 4, 5, 8a, 8b, 9, 15
Name of contributing environmental scenario and corresponding ERC	ERC 2 – Formulation into mixture
Name(s) of contributing worker scenarios and corresponding PROCs	<ul> <li>PROC 1 - Chemical production in closed process</li> <li>PROC 3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)</li> <li>PROC 4 - Chemical production where opportunity for exposure arises</li> <li>PROC 5 - Mixing or blending in batch processes (multistage and/or significant contact)</li> <li>PROC 8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilities</li> <li>PROC 8b - Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at dedicated facilities</li> <li>PROC 9 - Transfer of substance or mixture into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)</li> <li>PROC 15 - Use of laboratory reagents in small scale laboratories</li> </ul>
<b>Contributing Scenario (1) controlling e</b>	nvironmental exposure for ERC 2
<b>Operational conditions</b> (referred to styrene)	
Daily amount used at site	45700 kg/day (referred to styrene)

Table 1. Description of ES 1



300 days/year (justification: Continous release)
41
100
0.102 %
0.00063 %
0.0025 %
10 %
60 %
yes
18000 m <sup>3</sup> /day
2000000 L/day
ne)
0% (justification: No direct release to soil (EU Risk Assessment Report on Styrene, European Communities, 2002)
0 % (justification: No direct release to soil (EU Risk Assessment Report on Styrene,European Communities, 2002))
0.00063 % (justification: EU Risk Assessment Report, 2002)
0.102 % (justification: EU Risk Assessment Report, 2002)
60 % (justification: Value adopted to account for Worst- case European manufacturing site )
0.081 - (justification: Efficiency STP 91.9%)

# Contributing Scenario (2) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 1

Name of contributing scenario	1 - Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure
Scenario subtitle	Use in contained batch processes. Closed processes
Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	Use in semi-automated and predominantly enclosed filling lines. Provide a good standard of general ventilation. Natural ventilation is from windows and doors etc. Controlled ventilation means air is supplied or removed by a powered fan. Ensure good work practices are implemented. Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Use suitable eye protection.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %



Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk n	
Exposed skin surface	240 cm <sup>2</sup>
Other given operational conditions affe	cting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	enhanced (>30%)
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to c	ontrol dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	no
<b>Conditions and measures related to per</b> sec.8 of SDS	sonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	no
<b>Contributing Scenario (3) contro</b>	lling industrial worker exposure for PROC 3
Name of contributing scenario	3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)
Scenario subtitle	Bulk transfers. Receipt and storage of raw materials in bulk or as packed goods, indoor and outdoor; Raw material assembly and charging; dispensing of liquids and solids via pipeline;
Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	Use in semi-automated and predominantly enclosed filling lines; Use bulk or semi-bulk handling systems. Drain down and flush system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur. Ensure good work practices are implemented. Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Use suitable eye protection.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	15 min1 hour
Frequency of use	5 days / week



Human factors not influenced by risk man	nagement
Exposed skin surface	240 cm <sup>2</sup>
Other given operational conditions affecti	ng workers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	enhanced (>30%)
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to con	trol dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	Yes
<b>Conditions and measures related to perso</b> sec.8 of SDS	nal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	no
Local exhaust ventilation	Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness
<b>Contributing Scenario (4) controlli</b>	ing industrial worker exposure for PROC 3
Name of contributing scenario	3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)
Scenario subtitle	Dissolving linear UP/VE polymer in blending vessel (or dissolver)
Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	<ul> <li>Use in semi-automated and predominantly enclosed filling lines;</li> <li>Drain down and flush system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.</li> <li>Apply vessel entry procedures including use of forced supplied air.</li> <li>Ensure good work practices are implemented.</li> <li>Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures.</li> <li>Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.</li> <li>Use suitable eye protection.</li> </ul>
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk man	nagement
Exposed skin surface	240 cm <sup>2</sup>
Other given operational conditions affecti	ng workers exposure
Location	indoors



Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to co	ontrol dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	no
<b>Conditions and measures related to pers</b> sec.8 of SDS	sonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	no
Contributing Scenario (5) control	ling industrial worker exposure for PROC 3
Name of contributing scenario	3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)
Scenario subtitle	Equipment cleaning and maintenance. Cleaning and maintenance of blending vessel, roadtankers etc.
Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	<ul> <li>Use in semi-automated and predominantly enclosed filling lines.</li> <li>Drain or remove substance from equipment prior to break-in or maintenance.</li> <li>Provide a good standard of general or controlled ventilation (5 to 15 air changes per hour).</li> <li>Minimise exposure by partial enclosure of the operation or equipment and provide extract ventilation at openings. Ensure good work practices are implemented.</li> <li>Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures.</li> <li>Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.</li> <li>Use suitable eye protection.</li> <li>In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.</li> </ul>
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk m	anagement
Exposed skin surface	240 cm <sup>2</sup>
Other given operational conditions affect	ting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	good (30%)
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to co	ntrol dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	yes
<u> </u>	

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<b>Conditions and measures related to person</b> sec.8 of SDS	nal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur
Local exhaust ventilation	Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness
Contributing Scenario (6) controllin	ng industrial worker exposure for PROC 4
Name of contributing scenario	4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises
Scenario subtitle	Material transfers. All internal transport. Raw material assembly and charging raw material dispensing of liquids and solids manually from bulk storage or packed goods into blending tank.
Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	<ul> <li>Provide a good standard of general or controlled ventilation (5 to 15 air changes per hour).</li> <li>Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.</li> <li>Ensure good work practices are implemented.</li> <li>Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures.</li> <li>Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.</li> <li>Use suitable eye protection.</li> <li>In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.</li> </ul>
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk man	agement
Exposed skin surface	480 cm <sup>2</sup>
Other given operational conditions affecting	ng workers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	Good (>30%)
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to cont	rol dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	yes
	nal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
sec.8 of SDS	
sec.8 of SDS Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %



Name of contributing scenario	5 - Mixing or blending in batch processes (multistage and/or significant contact)
	ling industrial worker exposure for PROC 5
Local exhaust ventilation	Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
sec.8 of SDS	onal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Local exhaust ventilation	yes
Technical conditions and measures to con	ntrol dispersion and exposure
Domain	industrial
Ventilation	Good (>30%)
Location	indoors
Other given operational conditions affect	ting workers exposure
Exposed skin surface	480 cm <sup>2</sup>
Human factors not influenced by risk ma	
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Duration of activity	15 min1 hour
Frequency and duration of use	
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Concentration in substance	100 %
Physical state	liquid
Product characteristics	
	<ul> <li>Ensure good work practices are implemented.</li> <li>Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures.</li> <li>Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.</li> <li>Use suitable eye protection.</li> <li>In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.</li> </ul>
Qualitative Risk Assessment General	Provide a good standard of general or controlled ventilation (5 to 15 air changes per hour): Avoid dip sampling.
Scenario subtitle	Process sampling.
Name of contributing scenario	4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises
<b>Contributing Scenario (7) control</b>	ling industrial worker exposure for PROC 4
Local exhaust ventilation	Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness



Scenario subtitle	Drum/batch transfers;
	Pouring from small containers;
	Transfer from/pouring from containers; Mixing operations (open systems).
	Mixing liquid and solid components / into final formulated
	resin in blending vessel
Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	Provide a good standard of general or controlled ventilation
	(5 to 15 air changes per hour). Keep lids of containers closed during blending.
	Ensure good work practices are implemented.
	Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize
	exposures. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.
	Use suitable eye protection.
	Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.
	In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100%
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk m	anagement
Exposed skin surface	$480 \text{ cm}^2$
Other given operational conditions affect	ting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to co	ontrol dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	yes
<b>Conditions and measures related to pers</b> sec.8 of SDS	sonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)
<b>Contributing Scenario (9) control</b>	lling industrial worker exposure for PROC 8A
Name of contributing scenario	8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilities
Scenario subtitle	Equipment cleaning and maintenance. Cleaning and maintenance of pipes, pumps, filters, etc.
Qualitative Risk Assessment	· · · ·



General	<ul> <li>Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.</li> <li>Drain or remove substance from equipment prior to break-in or maintenance.</li> <li>Ensure good work practices are implemented</li> <li>Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures</li> <li>Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.</li> <li>Use suitable eye protection.</li> </ul>
	Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk man	lagement
Exposed skin surface	960 cm <sup>2</sup>
Other given operational conditions affection	ng workers exposure
Location	indoors
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to cont	trol dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	yes
<b>Conditions and measures related to person</b> sec.8 of SDS	nal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 70 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)
<b>Contributing Scenario (10) control</b>	ling industrial worker exposure for PROC 8A
Name of contributing scenario	8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilities
Scenario subtitle	Disposal of wastes. Handling of non cured waste; Waste management / handling and storage of waste for removal for off-site treatment or for on-site treatment like incineration and/or biological waste water treatment
Qualitative Risk Assessment	



General	<ul> <li>Provide a good standard of general ventilation.</li> <li>Controlled ventilation means air is supplied or removed by a powered fan.</li> <li>Ensure good work practices are implemented</li> <li>Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures</li> <li>Dispose of empty containers and wastes safely.</li> <li>Dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation.</li> <li>Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.</li> <li>In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.</li> <li>Use suitable eye protection.</li> </ul>
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	<1 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk	management
Exposed skin surface	960 cm <sup>2</sup>
Other given operational conditions af	fecting workers exposure
Location	Indoors/outdoor
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to	control dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	no
<b>Conditions and measures related to p</b> sec.8 of SDS	ersonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur
Contributing Scenario (11) con	trolling industrial worker exposure for PROC 8b
Name of contributing scenario	8b -Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at dedicated facilities
Scenario subtitle	Bulk transfers. All activities related to transport finished product to customer. Dispensing final UP/VE resin (linear UP/VE polymer + styrene + additives) into roadtanker
Qualitative Risk Assessment	



General	Fill containers/cans at dedicated fill points supplied with local extract ventilation. Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize
	exposures Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Use suitable eye protection.
	In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risl	k management
Exposed skin surface	960 cm <sup>2</sup>
Other given operational conditions a	ffecting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to	o control dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	yes
<b>Conditions and measures related to </b> sec.8 of SDS	personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 70 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)
<b>Contributing Scenario (12) cor</b>	trolling industrial worker exposure for PROC 9
Name of contributing scenario	9 -Transfer of chemicals into small containers (dedicated filling line)
Scenario subtitle	Bulk transfers. All activities related to transport finished product to customer. Dispensing final UP/VE resin (linear UP/VE polymer + styrene + additives) / into storage tank, IBC, drum or pail.
Qualitative Risk Assessment	



General	Fill containers/cans at dedicated fill points supplied with
	local extract ventilation. Ensure good work practices are implemented
	Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize
	exposures
	Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Use suitable eye protection.
Product characteristics	Ose suitable eye protection.
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk m	anagement
Exposed skin surface	480 cm <sup>2</sup>
Other given operational conditions affect	ting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to co	ntrol dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	yes
<b>Conditions and measures related to pers</b> sec.8 of SDS	conal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	no
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)
<b>Contributing Scenario (13) contro</b>	olling industrial worker exposure for PROC 15
Name of contributing scenario	15 - Use of laboratory reagents in small scale laboratories
Scenario subtitle	Laboratory activities.
	All laboratory activities.
	Quality control work of samples from reactor and blending vessel.
	R&D work including handling of samples from 1 kg to 1 drum.
Qualitative Risk Assessment	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
General	Carry out in a vented booth or extracted enclosure.
	Ensure good work practices are implemented
	Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures
	Use suitable eye protection.
	Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.



Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk	a management
Exposed skin surface	240 cm <sup>2</sup>
Other given operational conditions af	ffecting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to	o control dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	yes
<b>Conditions and measures related to p</b> sec.8 of SDS	personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	no
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)



## Scenario 2: FRP manufacturing in an industrial setting, using UP/VE resins and/or formulated resins (gelcoat, bonding paste, putty etc.) (ES2)

This scenario is described by the following combinations of use descriptors. The corresponding contributing scenarios are described in the respective subchapters.

An overall exposure scenario may be described by a number of contributing scenarios which may be subdivided into environmental exposure, worker exposure and consumer exposure. The following scenarios contribute to the scenario *FRP manufacturing in an industrial setting, using UP/VE resins and/or formulated resins (gelcoat, bonding paste, putty etc.)*.

This document has been prepared using REACH-Practical-Guide-on-Safe-Use-Information-for-Mixtures-under-REACH-The-LCID-Methodology, considering exposure scenario of relevant raw materials contained in the mixture.

The corresponding release to the environment, exposure of workers resulting from these contributing scenarios is summarized below.

Free short title	FRP manufacturing in an industrial setting, using UP/VE resins and/or formulated resins (gelcoat, bonding paste, putty etc.) (ES2)
Systematic title based on use descriptor	ERC 6D; PROC 3, 5, 7, 8A, 10, 13, 14, 15
Name of contributing environmental scenario and corresponding ERC	ERC 6d Production of resins
Name(s) of contributing worker scenarios and corresponding PROCs	PROC 3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)
	PROC 5 - Mixing or blending in batch processes (multistage and/or significant contact)
	PROC 7 - Industrial spraying
	PROC 8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilities
	PROC 10 - Roller application or brushing
	PROC 13 - Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring
	PROC 14 - Production of preparations or articles by tabletting, compression, extrusion, pelletisation
	PROC 15 - Use of laboratory reagents in small scale laboratories
<b>Contributing Scenario (1) controlling e</b>	nvironmental exposure for ERC 6D
<b>Operational conditions</b> (referred to styrene)	
Daily amount used at site	161000 kg/day (referred to styrene)
Release times per year	300 days/year (justification: Continous release)
Local freshwater dilution factor	10

Table 2. Description of ES 2



100
0.102 %
0.00063 %
0.025 %
10 %
60 %
yes
18000 m <sup>3</sup> /day
2000000 L/day
0 % (justification: No direct release to soil (EU Risk Assessment Report on Styrene,European Communities, 2002))
0 % (justification: No direct release to soil (EU Risk Assessment Report on Styrene,European Communities, 2002))
0.00063 % (justification: EU Risk Assessment Report, 2002)
0.102 % (justification: EU Risk Assessment Report, 2002)
60 % (justification: Value adopted to account for Worst- case European manufacturing site )
0.081 - (justification: Efficiency STP 91.9%)
ndustrial worker exposure for PROC 3
3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)
Material transfers;

3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)
Material transfers; Automated process with (semi) closed systems; Use in contained batch processes. Resin injection and transfer processes, such as vacuüm infusion, RTM, impregnation of sewer relining sleeves
Put lids on containers immediately after use. Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.
liquid
100 %
medium
>4 hours (default)



Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk managen	
Exposed skin surface	$240 \text{ cm}^2$
Other given operational conditions affecting we	
Location	indoors
Ventilation	good (30%)
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to control d	
Local exhaust ventilation	no
<b>Conditions and measures related to personal pr</b> sec.8 of SDS	rotection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	no
Contributing Scenario (3) controlling in	ndustrial worker exposure for PROC 3
Name of contributing scenario	3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)
Scenario subtitle	Material transfers. Product delivery/storage - delivery of bulk and packaged products - outdoor / indoor
Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk managen	nent
Exposed skin surface	240 cm <sup>2</sup>
Other given operational conditions affecting we	orkers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	good (30%)
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to control d	ispersion and exposure
Technical conditions and measures to control u	



<b>Conditions and measures related to p</b> sec.8 of SDS	ersonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	no
<b>Contributing Scenario (4) contr</b>	olling industrial worker exposure for PROC 5
Name of contributing scenario	5 - Mixing or blending in batch processes (multistage and/or significant contact)
Scenario subtitle	Drum/batch transfers; Pouring from small containers; Transfer from/pouring from containers; Mixing operations (open systems). Loading of mixing equipment; Preparation of material for application; (liquid products) - batch, indoor
Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	Put lids on containers immediately after use. Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk	management
Exposed skin surface	$480 \text{ cm}^2$
Other given operational conditions af	fecting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to	control dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	yes
<b>Conditions and measures related to po</b> sec.8 of SDS	ersonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)

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Name of contributing scenario	5 - Mixing or blending in batch processes (multistage and/or significant contact)
Scenario subtitle	Casting operations; Mixing operations (open systems). Casting and mixing operations in (semi-) open containers. Examples are centrifugal casting, casting of polymer concrete and artificial marble and the manufacturing of SMC / BMC/ TMC, etc
Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	5-60%
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk	management
Exposed skin surface	$480 \text{ cm}^2$
Other given operational conditions af	fecting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to	control dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	yes
<b>Conditions and measures related to p</b> sec.8 of SDS	ersonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure occur
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)
Contributing Scenario (6) contr	olling industrial worker exposure for PROC 5
Name of contributing scenario	5 - Mixing or blending in batch processes (multistage and/or significant contact)



Scenario subtitle	General exposures (closed systems). Mixing liquid and solid components / into final formulated resin in blending vessel; Examples are gelcoat blending and compounding, formulation of repair putties, bonding pastes, chemical anchoring, etc
Qualitative Risk Assessment	· ·
General	Put lids on containers immediately after use. Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk manage	ement
Exposed skin surface	480 cm <sup>2</sup>
Other given operational conditions affecting	workers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	enhanced (70%)
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to control	dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	Yes
<b>Conditions and measures related to personal</b> sec.8 of SDS	protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 70 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)
Contributing Scenario (7) controlling	industrial worker exposure for PROC 7
Name of contributing scenario	7 - Industrial spraying
Scenario subtitle	Spraying; Spraying (automatic/robotic) All open mould applications where resins is applied by automated spraying or by robot in a spray cabin without direct worker involvement. Examples are spray lamination, gelcoat spraying and "chop-hoop" filament winding



Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	<ul> <li>Ensure the ventilation system is regularly maintained and tested</li> <li>Dispose of empty containers and wastes safely</li> <li>Ensure good work practices are implemented</li> <li>Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures</li> <li>Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin</li> <li>Use suitable eye protection.</li> <li>Wear suitable face shield</li> <li>Wear chemically resistant gloves tested to EN374, in combination with intensive management supervision control.</li> <li>In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.</li> </ul>
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk mana	agement
Exposed skin surface	1,500 cm <sup>2</sup>
Other given operational conditions affectin	g workers exposure
Location	indoors
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to contra	rol dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	Yes
<b>Conditions and measures related to person</b> sec.8 of SDS	al protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur
Carry out in a vented booth or extracted enclosure	inhalation: 95 % (justification: Carry out in a vented booth or extracted enclosure)
Contributing Scenario (8) controllin	ng industrial worker exposure for PROC 7
Name of contributing scenario	7 - Industrial spraying
Scenario subtitle	Spraying; Spraying (manually) All open mould applications where resins is applied by manual spraying in an open work environement. Examples are spray lamination, gelcoat spraying and "chop-hoop" filament winding
Qualitative Risk Assessment	
Qualitative Risk Assessment	



General	Carefully pour from containers
General	Use long handled tools where possible
	Ensure good work practices are implemented
	Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize
	exposures Use suitable eye protection.
	Wear suitable face shield.
	Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin
	Wear chemically resistant gloves tested to EN374 in combination with intensive management supervision
	control.
	Wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate
	effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk n	nanagement
Exposed skin surface	1,500 cm <sup>2</sup>
Other given operational conditions affe	cting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	good (30%)
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to c	ontrol dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	Yes
<b>Conditions and measures related to per</b> sec.8 of SDS	rsonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Yes
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 95 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)
Contributing Scenario (9) contro	olling industrial worker exposure for PROC 8A
Name of contributing scenario	8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilities
Scenario subtitle	Equipment maintenance; Maintenance of small items. Equipment cleaning and maintenance
Qualitative Risk Assessment	



General	<ul> <li>Drain or remove substance from equipment prior to break-in or maintenance.</li> <li>Ensure good work practices are implemented</li> <li>Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures</li> <li>Use suitable eye protection.</li> <li>Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.</li> <li>Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.</li> <li>In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.</li> </ul>
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk	management
Exposed skin surface	960 cm <sup>2</sup>
Other given operational conditions af	fecting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to	control dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	Yes
<b>Conditions and measures related to p</b> sec.8 of SDS	ersonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 70 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)
<b>Contributing Scenario (10) con</b>	trolling industrial worker exposure for PROC 8A
Name of contributing scenario	8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilities
Scenario subtitle	Disposal of wastes. Handling of non cured waste; Waste management / handling and storage of waste for removal for off-site treatment or for on-site treatment like incineration and/or biological waste water treatment
Qualitative Risk Assessment	



General	<ul> <li>Put lids on containers immediately after use.</li> <li>Contain and dispose of waste according to local regulations</li> <li>Ensure good work practices are implemented</li> <li>Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize</li> <li>exposures</li> <li>Use suitable eye protection.</li> <li>Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.</li> <li>Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.</li> <li>In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory</li> <li>protection with adeguate effectiveness.</li> </ul>
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by ris	k management
Exposed skin surface	$960 \text{ cm}^2$
Other given operational conditions a	ffecting workers exposure
Location	Indoors/outdoor
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures t	o control dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	Yes
<b>Conditions and measures related to</b> j sec.8 of SDS	personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)
Contributing Scenario (11) con	ntrolling industrial worker exposure for PROC 10
Name of contributing scenario	10 - Roller application or brushing
Scenario subtitle	Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application All open mould applications where resins is applied by brushing, rolling and other low energy spreading operations; Examples are handlamination, gelcoatbrushing, filament winding
Qualitative Risk Assessment	



General	Use long handled brushes and rollers where possible Ensure the ventilation system is regularly maintained and tested Dispose of empty containers and wastes safely Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin
	In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk manager	nent
Exposed skin surface	960 cm <sup>2</sup>
Other given operational conditions affecting w	orkers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	enhanced (70%)
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to control d	lispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	Yes
<b>Conditions and measures related to personal p</b> sec.8 of SDS	rotection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure occur
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 70 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)
<b>Contributing Scenario (12) controlling</b>	industrial worker exposure for PROC 10
Name of contributing scenario	10 - Roller application or brushing
Scenario subtitle	Dipping, immersion and pouring; Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application Application of repair putties; Application of bonding pastes / adhesives.
Qualitative Risk Assessment	



General	Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize
	exposures
	Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.
	Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.
	Wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100%
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk	management
Exposed skin surface	960 cm <sup>2</sup>
Other given operational conditions af	fecting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	enhanced (70%)
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to	control dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	Yes
<b>Conditions and measures related to p</b> sec.8 of SDS	ersonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	yes
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 70 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)
<b>Contributing Scenario (13) con</b>	trolling industrial worker exposure for PROC 13
Name of contributing scenario	13 - Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring
Scenario subtitle	Dipping, immersion and pouring;
	Continuous process. Continuous processes with open impregnation steps, such as
	pultrusion with open impregnation baths and (semi-) continuous production of flat laminates
Qualitative Risk Assessment	



General	Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk <b>i</b>	nanagement
Exposed skin surface	480 cm <sup>2</sup>
Other given operational conditions affe	ecting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to o	control dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	yes
<b>Conditions and measures related to pe</b> sec.8 of SDS	rsonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)
Contributing Scenario (14) cont	rolling industrial worker exposure for PROC 14
Name of contributing scenario	14 - Production of preparations or articles by tabletting, compression, extrusion, pelletisation
Scenario subtitle	Material transfers; Production or preparation or articles by tabletting, compression, extrusion or pelletisation; Treatment by heating; Batch processes at elevated temperatures. Processes where curing of UP / VE resins takes place at high temperature. Examples are pultrusion with injection dies and processing of SMC / BMC / TMC, etc
Qualitative Risk Assessment	



General	Ensure good work practices are implemented
	Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures
	In case of potential exposure:
	Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.
	In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory
	protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100%
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk r	nanagement
Exposed skin surface	$480 \text{ cm}^2$
Other given operational conditions affe	ecting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	enhanced (70%)
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to c	control dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	Yes
<b>Conditions and measures related to per</b> sec.8 of SDS	rsonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 70 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)
Contributing Scenario (15) contributing	rolling industrial worker exposure for PROC 15
Name of contributing scenario	15 - Use of laboratory reagents in small scale laboratories
Scenario subtitle	Laboratory activities. Quality control work of samples from blending vessel; R&D work including handling of samples from 1 kg to 1 drum
Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize
	exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid



Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk mana	gement
Exposed skin surface	240 cm <sup>2</sup>
Other given operational conditions affecting	workers exposure
Location	indoors
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to contro	ol dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	Yes
<b>Conditions and measures related to persona</b> sec.8 of SDS	l protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	No
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)



## Scenario 3: FRP manufacturing in a professional setting, using UP/VE resins and/or formulated resins (gelcoat, bonding paste, putty etc.) (ES3)

This scenario is described by the following combinations of use descriptors. The corresponding contributing scenarios are described in the respective subchapters.

An overall exposure scenario may be described by a number of contributing scenarios which may be subdivided into environmental exposure, worker exposure and consumer exposure. The following comprise contribute to the comparise EBP menufacturing in a professional setting using UP/VE

The following scenarios contribute to the scenario *FRP manufacturing in a professional setting, using UP/VE resins and/or formulated resins (gelcoat, bonding paste, putty etc.)*.

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The corresponding release to the environment, exposure of workers resulting from these contributing scenarios is summarized below.

Free short title	FRP manufacturing in a professional setting, using UP/VE resins and/or formulated resins (gelcoat, bonding paste, putty etc.) (ES8)
Systematic title based on use descriptor	ERC 6C; PROC 3, 4, 5, 8A, 10, 11
Name of contributing environmental scenario and corresponding ERC	ERC 6c Production of plastics
Name(s) of contributing worker scenarios and corresponding PROCs	PROC 3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)
	PROC 4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises
	PROC 5 - Mixing or blending in batch processes (multistage and/or significant contact)
	PROC 8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilities
	PROC 10 - Roller application or brushing
	PROC 11 - Non industrial spraying

Table 2. Description of ES 3

## Contributing Scenario (1) controlling environmental exposure for ERC 6C

<b>Operational conditions</b> (referred to styrene)	
Daily amount used at site	48300 kg/day (referred to styrene)
Release times per year	300 days/year (justification: Continous release)
Local freshwater dilution factor	10
Local marine water dilution factor	100
Release fraction to air from process	0.102 %
Release fraction to wastewater from process	0.000012 %



	0.0/
Release fraction to soil from process	
Fraction tonnage to region	10 %
Fraction used at main source	60 %
STP	Yes
River flow rate	18000 m <sup>3</sup> /day
Municipal sewage treatment plant discharge	2000000 L/day
Other modified EUSES values	
Fraction released to agricultural soil (Femis.agric)	0 % (justification: No direct release to soil (EU Risk Assessment Report on Styrene,European Communities, 2002))
Fraction released to industrial soil (Femis.ind)	0 % (justification: No direct release to soil (EU Risk Assessment Report on Styrene,European Communities, 2002))
Fraction released to waste water (Femis.water)	0.000012 % (justification: EU Risk Assessment Report, 2002)
Fraction released to air (Femis.air)	0.102 % (justification: EU Risk Assessment Report, 2002)
Fraction used at main source	60 % (justification: Value adopted to account for worst-case European manufacturing site )
Fraction of emission directed to water by local STP (Fstp.water)	0.081 - (justification: Efficiency STP 91.9%)
SII (I sip. water)	
	professional worker exposure for PROC 3
	<b>Tofessional worker exposure for PROC 3</b> 3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)
Contributing Scenario (2) controlling p	
<b>Contributing Scenario (2) controlling p</b> Name of contributing scenario	<ul><li>3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)</li><li>Use in contained batch processes.</li></ul>
<b>Contributing Scenario (2) controlling p</b> <b>Name of contributing scenario</b> Scenario subtitle	<ul><li>3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)</li><li>Use in contained batch processes.</li></ul>
Contributing Scenario (2) controlling p Name of contributing scenario Scenario subtitle Qualitative Risk Assessment	<ul> <li>3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)</li> <li>Use in contained batch processes.</li> <li>Application of chemical anchoring</li> <li>Ensure good work practices are implemented</li> <li>Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures</li> <li>In case of potential exposure:</li> <li>Use suitable eye protection.</li> <li>Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.</li> <li>In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory</li> </ul>
Contributing Scenario (2) controlling p Name of contributing scenario Scenario subtitle Qualitative Risk Assessment General	<ul> <li>3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)</li> <li>Use in contained batch processes.</li> <li>Application of chemical anchoring</li> <li>Ensure good work practices are implemented</li> <li>Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures</li> <li>In case of potential exposure:</li> <li>Use suitable eye protection.</li> <li>Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.</li> <li>In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory</li> </ul>
Contributing Scenario (2) controlling p Name of contributing scenario Scenario subtitle Qualitative Risk Assessment General Product characteristics	<ul> <li>3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)</li> <li>Use in contained batch processes. Application of chemical anchoring</li> <li>Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures In case of potential exposure: Use suitable eye protection.</li> <li>Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.</li> </ul>
Contributing Scenario (2) controlling p         Name of contributing scenario         Scenario subtitle         Qualitative Risk Assessment         General         Product characteristics         Physical state         Concentration in substance	<ul> <li>3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)</li> <li>Use in contained batch processes. Application of chemical anchoring</li> <li>Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures In case of potential exposure: Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.</li> </ul>
Contributing Scenario (2) controlling p         Name of contributing scenario         Scenario subtitle         Qualitative Risk Assessment         General         Product characteristics         Physical state         Concentration in substance         Fugacity / Dustiness	<ul> <li>3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)</li> <li>Use in contained batch processes.</li> <li>Application of chemical anchoring</li> <li>Ensure good work practices are implemented</li> <li>Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures</li> <li>In case of potential exposure:</li> <li>Use suitable eye protection.</li> <li>Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.</li> <li>In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.</li> </ul>
Contributing Scenario (2) controlling p         Name of contributing scenario         Scenario subtitle         Qualitative Risk Assessment         General         Product characteristics         Physical state         Concentration in substance         Fugacity / Dustiness         Frequency and duration of use	<ul> <li>3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)</li> <li>Use in contained batch processes. Application of chemical anchoring</li> <li>Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures In case of potential exposure: Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.</li> <li>liquid</li> <li>100%</li> <li>medium</li> </ul>
Contributing Scenario (2) controlling p         Name of contributing scenario         Scenario subtitle         Qualitative Risk Assessment         General         Product characteristics         Physical state         Concentration in substance         Fugacity / Dustiness	<ul> <li>3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)</li> <li>Use in contained batch processes.</li> <li>Application of chemical anchoring</li> <li>Ensure good work practices are implemented</li> <li>Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures</li> <li>In case of potential exposure:</li> <li>Use suitable eye protection.</li> <li>Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.</li> <li>In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.</li> </ul>



Other given operational conditions affecting w	orkers exposure
Location	outdoors (30%)
Domain	professional
Technical conditions and measures to control of	lispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	No
<b>Conditions and measures related to personal p</b> sec.8 of SDS	rotection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur
Contributing Scenario (3) controlling n	professional worker exposure for PROC 4
Name of contributing scenario	4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises
Scenario subtitle	Use in contained batch processes. Sewer relining operation
Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	·
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk manager	nent
Exposed skin surface	$480 \text{ cm}^2$
Other given operational conditions affecting w	orkers exposure
Location	outdoors (30%)
Domain	professional
Technical conditions and measures to control d	lispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	No
<b>Conditions and measures related to personal p</b> sec.8 of SDS	rotection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs

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Name of contributing scenario	5 - Mixing or blending in batch processes (multistage and/or significant contact)
Scenario subtitle	Material transfers; Pouring from small containers. Preparation of material for application (liquids) - transfer of material from one container to another; Formulating / blending resins, gelcoats, bonding pastes, putties etc. in blending vessels
Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	Use drum pumps. Put lids on containers immediately after use. Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk	management
Exposed skin surface	$480 \text{ cm}^2$
Other given operational conditions aff	ecting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	good (30%)
Domain	professional
Technical conditions and measures to	control dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	Yes
<b>Conditions and measures related to pe</b> sec.8 of SDS	rsonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs
Local exhaust ventilation	Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness



Name of contributing scenario	8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilities
Scenario subtitle	Equipment maintenance; Maintenance of small items. Equipment cleaning and maintenance
Qualitative Risk Assessment	<b>-</b>
General	Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	15 mins to 1 hour
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk ma	inagement
Exposed skin surface	960 cm <sup>2</sup>
Other given operational conditions affect	ting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	good (30%)
Domain	professional
Technical conditions and measures to co	ntrol dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	Yes
<b>Conditions and measures related to pers</b> sec.8 of SDS	onal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur
Local exhaust ventilation	Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness
<b>Contributing Scenario (6) control</b>	ling professional worker exposure for PROC 8A
Name of contributing scenario	8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilities
Scenario subtitle	Disposal of wastes. Handling of non cured waste; Waste management / handling and storage of waste for removal for off-site treatment or for on-site treatment like incineration and/or biological waste water treatment
Qualitative Risk Assessment	



General	Dispose of empty containers and wastes safely Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	15 mins to 1 hour
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk	
Exposed skin surface	960 cm <sup>2</sup>
Other given operational conditions aff	ecting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	good (30%)
Domain	professional
Technical conditions and measures to	control dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	yes
<b>Conditions and measures related to pe</b> sec.8 of SDS	ersonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs
Local exhaust ventilation	Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness
<b>Contributing Scenario (7) contr</b>	olling professional worker exposure for PROC 10
Name of contributing scenario	10 - Roller application or brushing
Scenario subtitle	Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application All open mould applications where resins is applied by brushing, rolling and other low energy spreading operations; Examples are handlamination, gelcoatbrushing, semi- continuous production of flat panels and laminates
Qualitative Risk Assessment	



General	Use long handled brushes and rollers where possible Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risl	k management
Exposed skin surface	960 cm <sup>2</sup>
Other given operational conditions a	ffecting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	good (30%)
Domain	professional
Technical conditions and measures t	o control dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	yes
<b>Conditions and measures related to j</b> sec.8 of SDS	personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs
Local exhaust ventilation	Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness
Contributing Scenario (8) cont	rolling professional worker exposure for PROC 10
Name of contributing scenario	10 - Roller application or brushing
Scenario subtitle	Dipping, immersion and pouring; Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application Application of repair putties; Application of bonding pastes / adhesives.
Qualitative Risk Assessment	



General	Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.
	Wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100%
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk n	nanagement
Exposed skin surface	960 cm <sup>2</sup>
Other given operational conditions affe	cting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	good (30%)
Domain	professional
Technical conditions and measures to c	ontrol dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	no
<b>Conditions and measures related to per</b> sec.8 of SDS	rsonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	yes
<b>Contributing Scenario (9) contro</b>	olling professional worker exposure for PROC 10
Name of contributing scenario	10 - Roller application or brushing
Scenario subtitle	Dipping, immersion and pouring; Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application Application of floorings, mastics, coatings, castings
Qualitative Risk Assessment	· · · ·
General	Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.
	Wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	



Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk i	management
Exposed skin surface	960 cm <sup>2</sup>
Other given operational conditions affe	ecting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	good (30%)
Domain	professional
Technical conditions and measures to o	control dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	yes
<b>Conditions and measures related to pe</b> sec.8 of SDS	rsonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	yes
Respiratory protection Local exhaust ventilation	yes Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness
Local exhaust ventilation	
Local exhaust ventilation	Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness
Local exhaust ventilation Contributing Scenario (10) cont	Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness rolling professional worker exposure for PROC 11
Local exhaust ventilation Contributing Scenario (10) contributing scenario	Vise local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness         volting professional worker exposure for PROC 11         11 - Non industrial spraying         Spraying;         Spraying (manually)         All open mould applications where resins is applied by manual spraying in an open work environement. Examples are spray lamination, gelcoat spraying and "chop-hoop"
Local exhaust ventilation Contributing Scenario (10) cont Name of contributing scenario Scenario subtitle	Vise local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness         volting professional worker exposure for PROC 11         11 - Non industrial spraying         Spraying;         Spraying (manually)         All open mould applications where resins is applied by manual spraying in an open work environement. Examples are spray lamination, gelcoat spraying and "chop-hoop"
Local exhaust ventilation Contributing Scenario (10) contributing scenario Name of contributing scenario Scenario subtitle Qualitative Risk Assessment	Juse local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness         voltage in the second stress is a second stress in the second stress is a second stres



Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	· · · ·
Duration of activity	1 - 4 hours
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk	k management
Exposed skin surface	$1,500 \text{ cm}^2$
Other given operational conditions a	ffecting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	good (30%)
Domain	professional
Technical conditions and measures to	o control dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	yes
<b>Conditions and measures related to p</b> sec.8 of SDS	personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	yes
Local exhaust ventilation	Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness